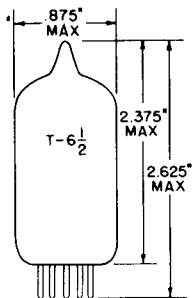


TUNG-SOL

DOUBLE TRIODE
MINIATURE TYPE

GLASS BULB
SMALL BUTTON NOVAL
9 PIN BASE E9-1
OUTLINE DRAWING
JEDEC 6-3

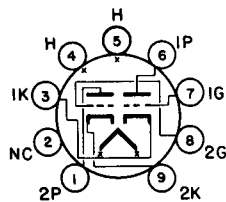
COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODES

HEATER

6.3 VOLTS 600±40 MA.

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW
BASING DIAGRAM
JEDEC 9ES

THE 6CM7 IS A MEDIUM-MU DOUBLE TRIODE OF THE 9 PIN MINIATURE TYPE CONTAINING TWO DISSIMILAR TRIODES IN ONE ENVELOPE. IT IS INTENDED FOR USE AS A VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER IN 600 MA. SERIES HEATER OPERATED TELEVISION RECEIVERS. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HEATER ARE CONTROLLED SUCH THAT HEATER VOLTAGE SURGES DURING THE WARM-UP CYCLE ARE MINIMIZED PROVIDED IT IS USED WITH OTHER TYPES WHICH ARE SIMILARLY CONTROLLED.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES — APPROX.
WITH NO EXTERNAL SHIELD

	UNIT #1 OSCILLATOR	UNIT #2 AMPLIFIER	
GRID TO PLATE	3.8	3	pf
GRID TO CATHODE AND HEATER	2	3.5	pf
PLATE TO CATHODE AND HEATER	0.5	0.4	pf

RATINGS^AINTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN MAXIMUM SYSTEM^B

	UNIT #1 VERTICAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR	UNIT #2 VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER	
MAXIMUM PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE: HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		200 ^C	VOLTS
MAXIMUM DC PLATE VOLTAGE	→ 550	550	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE ^D	→ 220	220	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^D		2200	VOLTS
MAXIMUM CATHODE CURRENT: PEAK	→ 77	77	MA.
AVERAGE	→ 17	22	MA.
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATION	→ 1.45	6.0	WATTS
MAXIMUM GRID CIRCUIT RESISTANCE: CATHODE BIAS	2.2	2.5	MEG OHMS
FIXED BIAS	2.2	1.0	MEG OHMS
GRID RESISTOR BIAS	2.2	---	MEG OHMS
HEATER WARM-UP TIME (APPROX.) ^F		11.0	SECONDS

^A FOR OPERATION IN A 525-LINE, 30-FRAME SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED IN "STANDARDS OF GOOD ENGINEERING PRACTICE CONCERNING TELEVISION BROADCAST STATIONS", FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

^C THE DC COMPONENT MUST NOT EXCEED 100 VOLTS.

^D THIS RATING IS APPLICABLE WHERE THE DURATION OF THE VOLTAGE PULSE DOES NOT EXCEED 15% OF ONE VERTICAL SCANNING CYCLE. IN A 525-LINE, 30-FRAME SYSTEM 15% OF ONE VERTICAL SCANNING CYCLE IS 2.5 MILLISECONDS.

^F HEATER WARM-UP TIME IS DEFINED AS THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE HEATER TO REACH 80% OF ITS RATED VOLTAGE AFTER APPLYING 4 TIMES RATED HEATER VOLTAGE TO A CIRCUIT CONSISTING OF THE TUBE HEATER IN SERIES WITH A RESISTANCE OF VALUE 3 TIMES THE NOMINAL HEATER OPERATING RESISTANCE.

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

TUNG-SOL

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

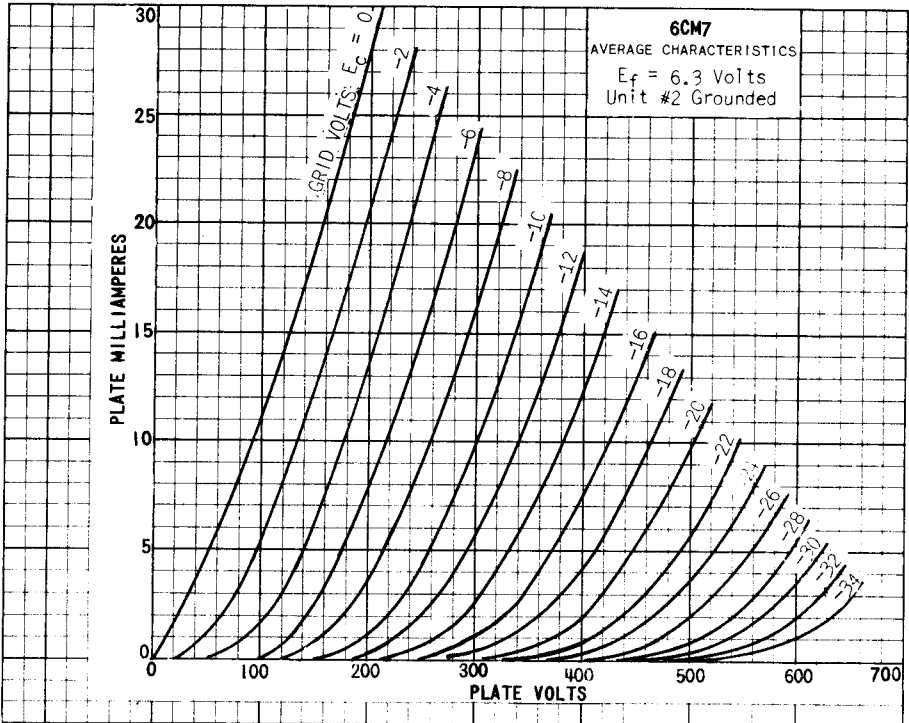
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

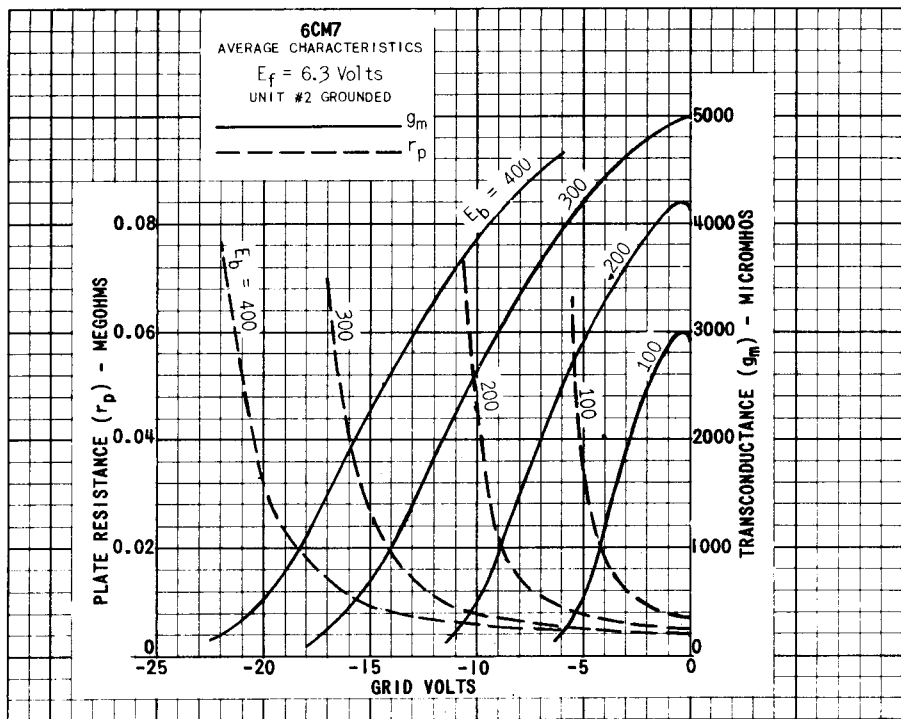
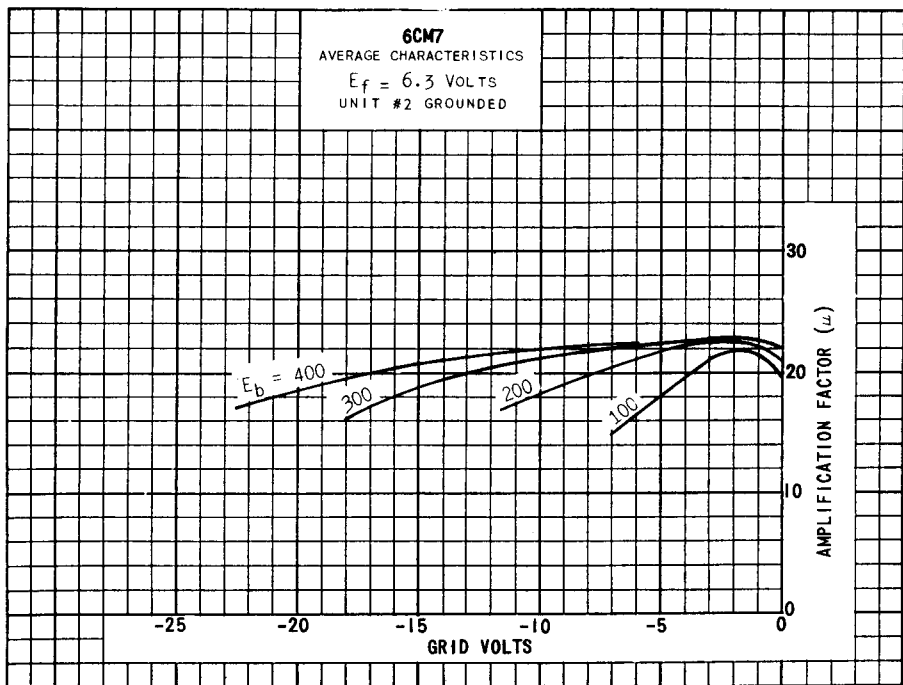
CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

	UNIT #1 OSCILLATOR	UNIT #2 AMPLIFIER	
PLATE VOLTAGE	200	250	VOLTS
GRID VOLTAGE	-7	-8	VOLTS
AMPLIFICATION FACTOR	21	18	
PLATE RESISTANCE (APPROX.)	10 500	4 100	OHMS
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	2 000	4 400	μMHOS
PLATE CURRENT	5	20	MA.
PLATE CURRENT FOR GRID VOLTAGE OF -10 VOLTS	1	---	MA.
GRID VOLTAGE (APPROX.) FOR $I_b = 10 \mu A.$	14	---	VOLTS

SIMILAR TYPE REFERENCE: Except for heater ratings, the 6CM7 is identical to the 8CM7.

→ INDICATES A CHANGE.





PUBLISHED U.S.A.

