

TRIODE

DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6C4 is a miniature, medium-mu triode suitable for use in a wide variety of general-purpose applications. It is especially useful as a local oscillator in high-frequency and very-high-frequency receiver circuits.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode—Coated Unipotential		
Heater Voltage, AC or DC	6.3	Volts
Heater Current	0.15	Amperes
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances		
	With Shield*	Without Shield
Grid to Plate: (g to p)	1.4	1.6 μf
Input: g to (h+k)	1.8	1.8 μf
Output: p to (h+k)	2.5	1.3 μf

MECHANICAL

Mounting Position—Any
Envelope—T-5½, Glass
Base—E7-1, Miniature Button 7-Pin

MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-CENTER VALUES	Class A ₁ Amplifier	Class C Telegraphy
Plate Voltage	300	300 Volts
Negative DC Grid Voltage	—	50 Volts
Plate Dissipation	3.5	5.0 Watts
DC Plate Current	—	25 Milliamperes
DC Grid Current	—	8.0 Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	100	100 Volts
Total DC and Peak	200	200 Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode		
Total DC and Peak	200	200 Volts
Grid-Circuit Resistance		
With Fixed Bias	0.25	0.25 Megohms
With Cathode Bias	1.0	1.0 Megohms

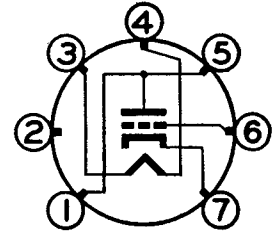
Design-Center ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey tube of a specified type as defined by its published data, and should not be exceeded under normal conditions.

These values are chosen by the tube manufacturer to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube in average applications, taking responsibility for normal changes in operating conditions due to rated supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all tubes.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially no design-center value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube in equipment operating at the stated normal supply voltage.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.

BASING DIAGRAM

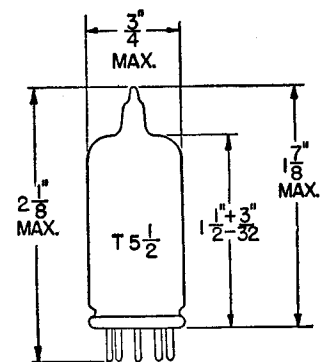


EIA 6BG

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1—Plate
- Pin 2—Internal Connection
- Pin 3—Heater
- Pin 4—Heater
- Pin 5—Plate
- Pin 6—Grid
- Pin 7—Cathode

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



EIA 5-2

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Plate Voltage	100	250	Volts
Grid Voltage	0	-8.5	Volts
Amplification Factor	19.5	17	
Plate Resistance, approximate	6250	7700	Ohms
Transconductance	3100	2200	Micromhos
Plate Current	11.8	10.5	Milliamperes
Grid Voltage, approximate I _b = 10 Microamperes	-10	-25	Volts

CLASS C TELEGRAPHY, RF POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR

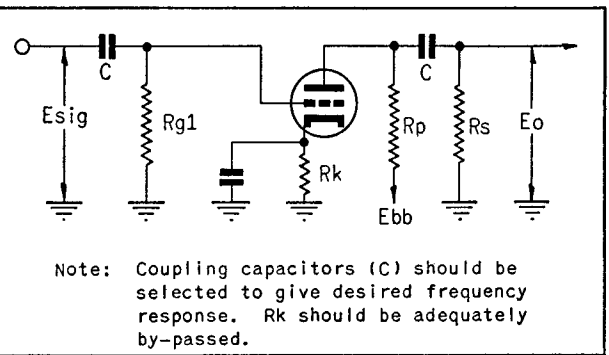
DC Plate Voltage	300	Volts
DC Grid Voltage	-27	Volts
DC Plate Current	25	Milliamperes
DC Grid Current, approximate	7	Milliamperes
Grid Driving Power, approximate	0.35	Watts
Power Output, approximate†	5.5	Watts

* With external shield (EIA 316) connected to pin 7.

† At 150 megacycles a power output of 2.5 watts may be obtained when the 6C4 is used as an oscillator with a grid resistor of 10,000 ohms and maximum rated input.

CLASS A RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER

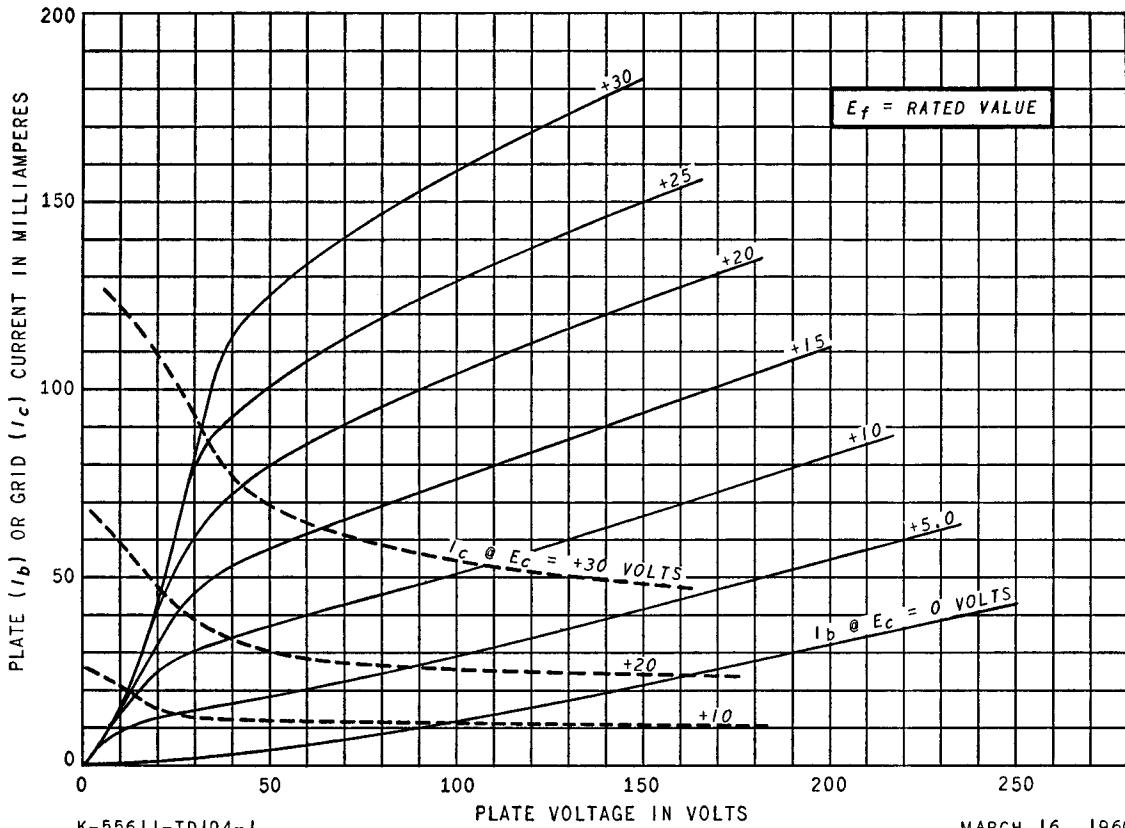
R _p Meg.	R _s Meg.	R _{g1} Meg.	E _{bb} = 90 Volts			E _{bb} = 180 Volts			E _{bb} = 300 Volts		
			R _k	Gain	E _o	R _k	Gain	E _o	R _k	Gain	E _o
0.10	0.10	0.10	3900	10	10	3600	11	20	3500	11	30
0.10	0.24	0.10	5000	11	14	4700	12	27	4400	12	41
0.24	0.24	0.10	9400	11	13	8700	11	25	8700	12	38
0.24	0.51	0.10	11000	11	17	11000	12	32	11000	12	48
0.51	0.51	0.10	19000	11	15	18000	12	29	18000	12	43
0.51	1.0	0.10	24000	11	19	23000	12	37	23000	12	54
0.24	0.24	10	0	14	12	0	16	20	0	17	28
0.24	0.51	10	0	14	16	0	16	28	0	17	40
0.51	0.51	10	0	14	15	0	15	26	0	16	38
0.51	1.0	10	0	14	19	0	16	35	0	16	52



Note: Coupling capacitors (C) should be selected to give desired frequency response. R_k should be adequately by-passed.

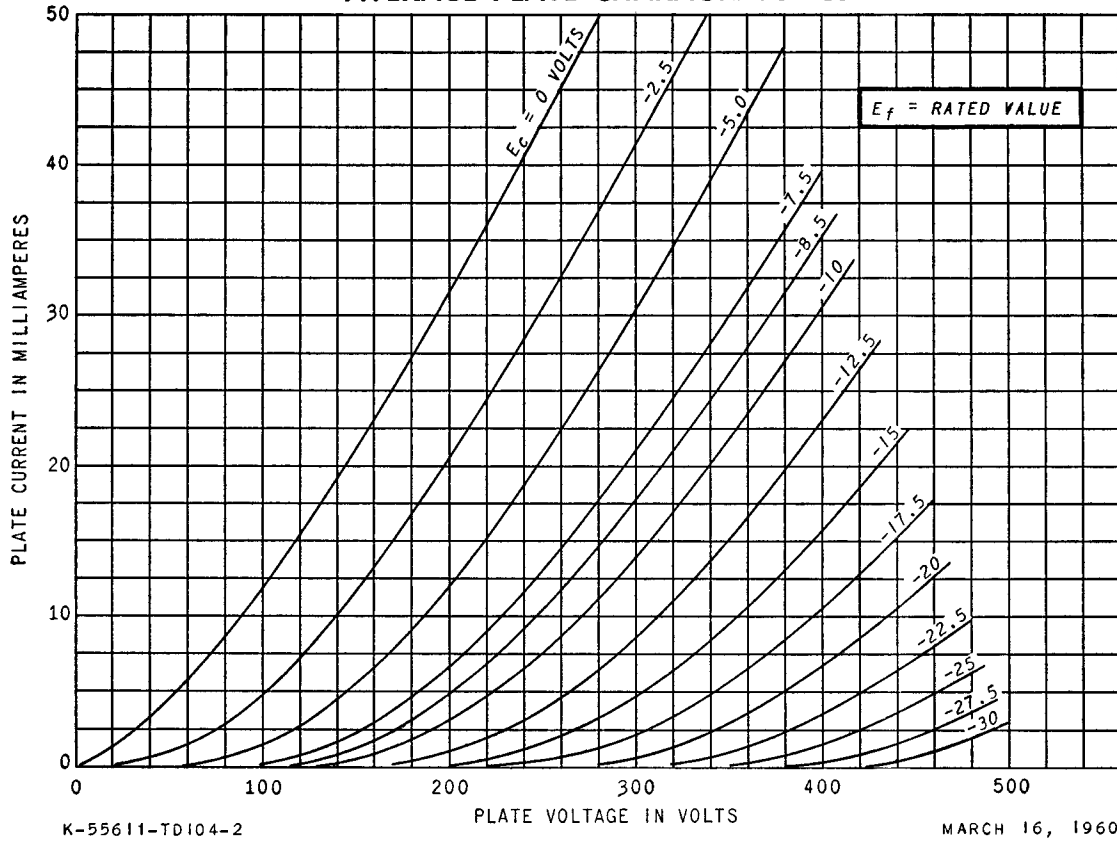
Notes: 1. E_o is maximum RMS voltage output for five percent (5%) total harmonic distortion. 2. Gain measured at 2.0 volts RMS output. 3. For zero-bias data, generator impedance is negligible.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



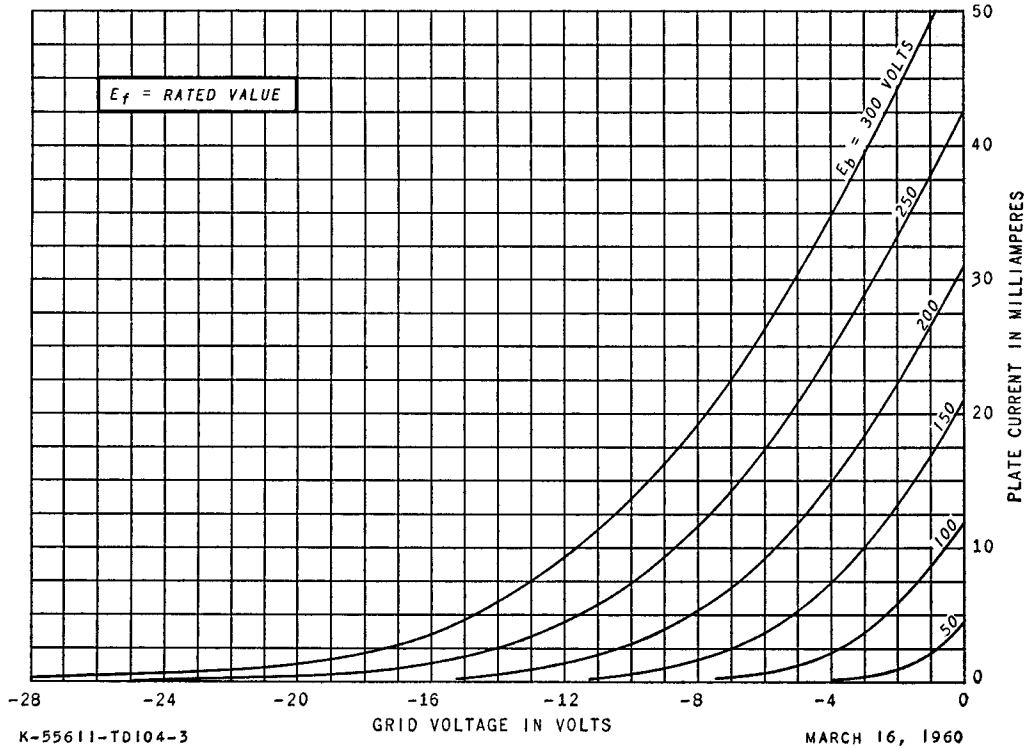
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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

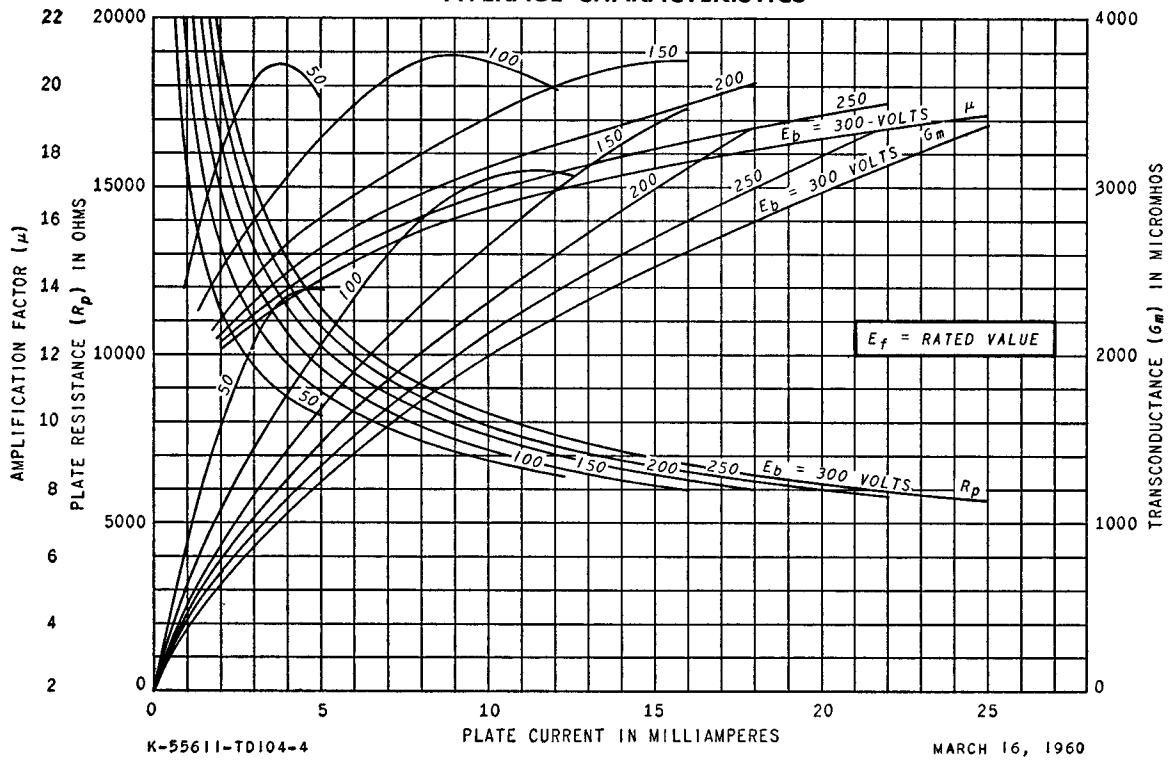


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AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS DIVISION
GENERAL ELECTRIC
 Schenectady 5, N. Y.